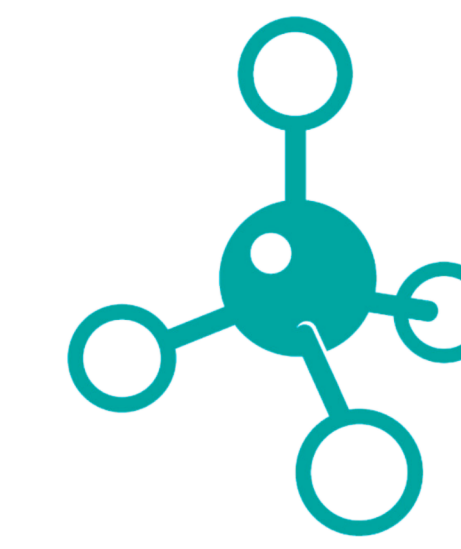


# DRIVE TO NET ZERO EMISSIONS in the Natural Gas Value Chain

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## INTRODUCTION

- Transport of Canadian natural gas to overseas markets in Asia
- By 2040 demand for LNG is expected to be 620 - 680 million metric tonnes/yr [2]
- 175% increase in CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from 1960 to 2022 [3]



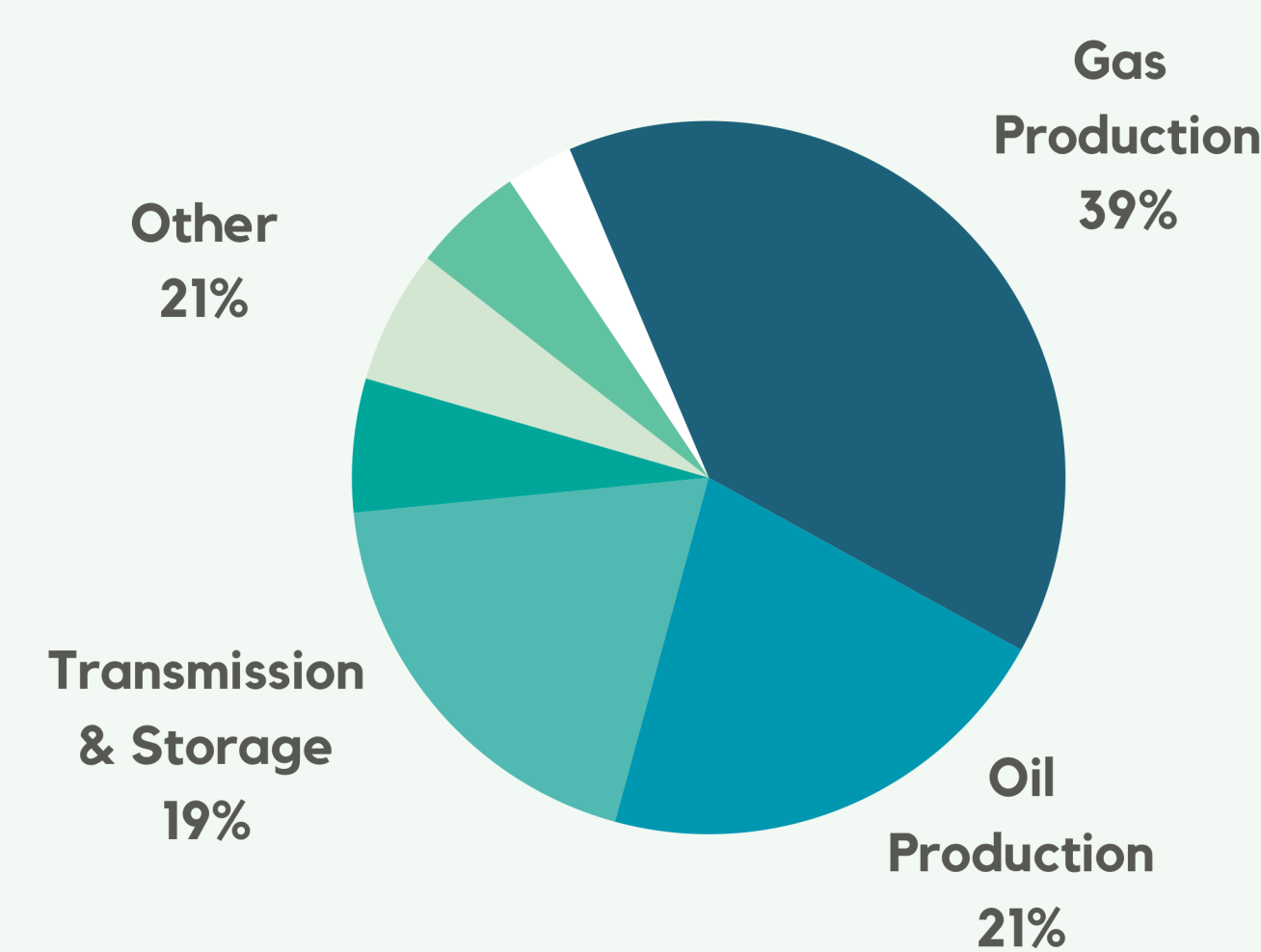
## LOCATIONS

**1 Remote Compressor Stations**  
Fort St. John, BC

**2 LNG Terminal**  
Kitimat, BC

## OUR CARBON CAPTURE STRATEGY

### WHY ARE WE CAPTURING CO<sub>2</sub>?

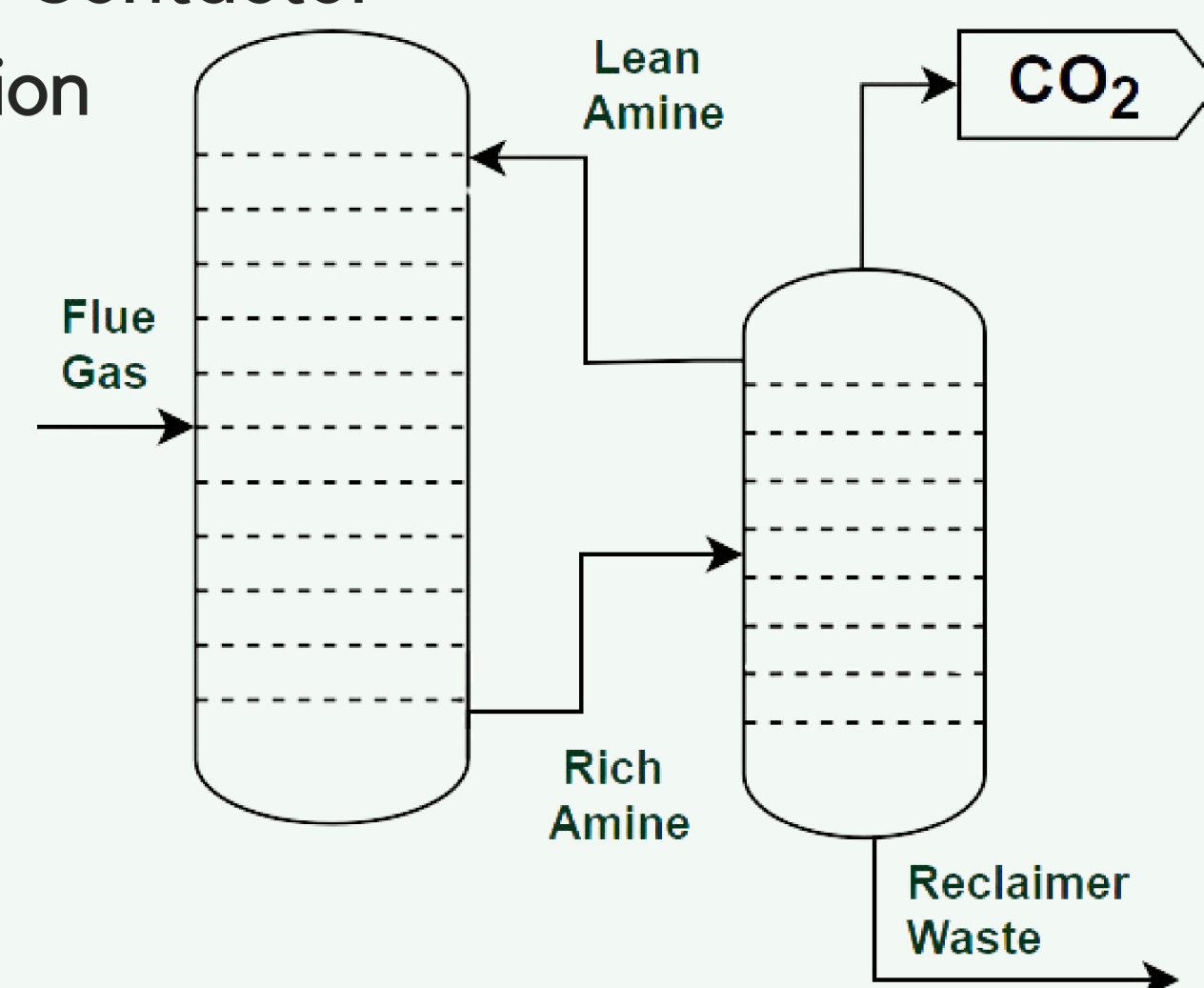


2021 O&G METHANE EMISSIONS [1]

- Significant GHG emissions from remote nat. gas compressor stations with limited infrastructure for power in BC & AB
- Obtaining cleaner energy needs to prove zero emissions
- CO<sub>2</sub> capture cost <\$170/tonne a day to minimize carbon tax and support LNG production

### HOW ARE WE CAPTURING CO<sub>2</sub>?

- **CO<sub>2</sub> Contactor:**
  - Remove CO<sub>2</sub> from post-combustion flue gas
- **Amine Regenerator:**
  - Regenerated amine reused in Contactor
  - Captured CO<sub>2</sub> for sequestration
- **Amine Solvent:**
  - 30wt% MDEA, 14wt% PZ, 66wt% H<sub>2</sub>O

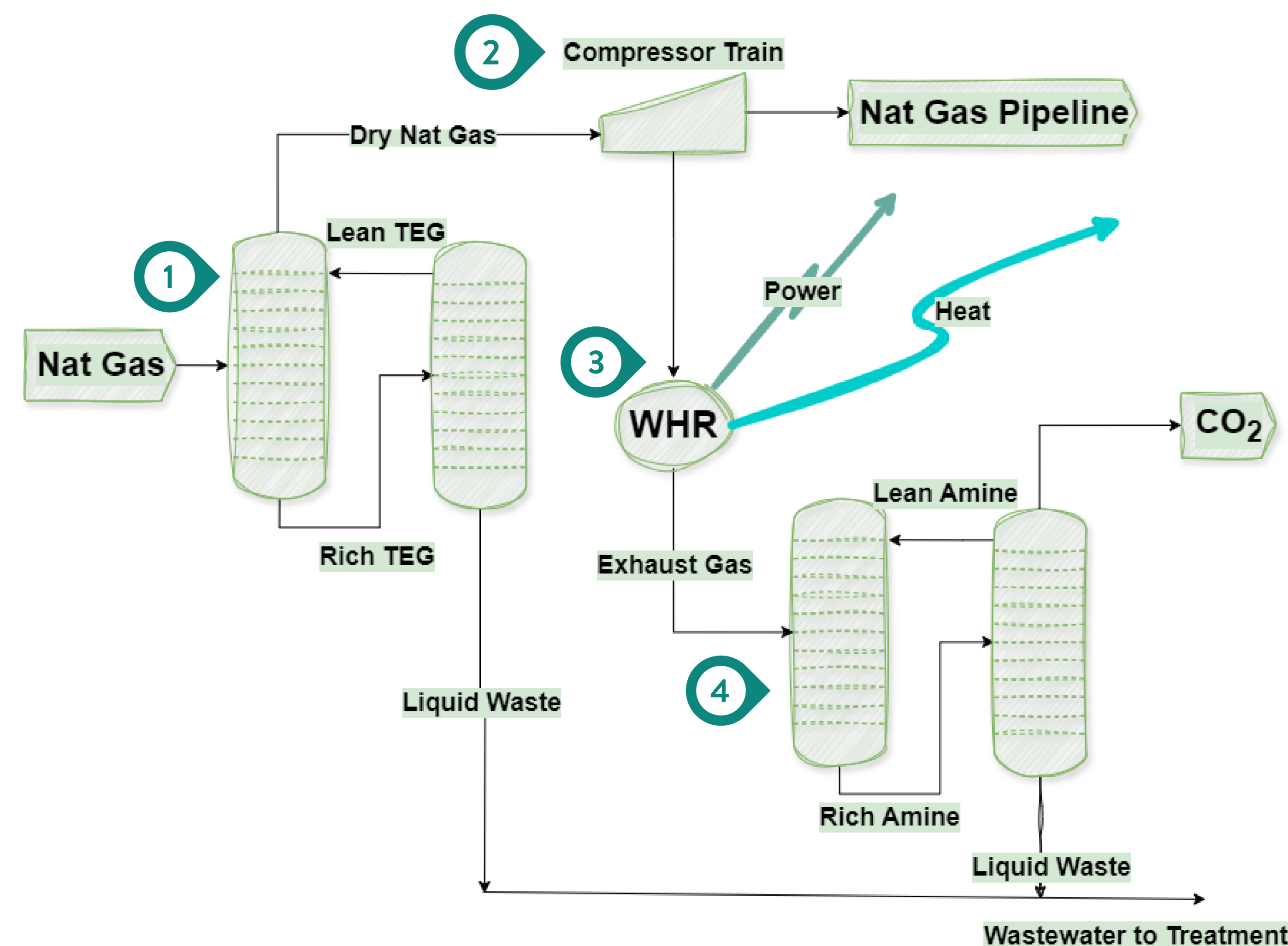


**TARGET**  
90 mol% recovery  
99 mol% purity

## PROCESS OVERVIEW

Our processes design consists of:

- 1 Dehydration Unit**  
→ TEG Absorption
- 2 Compressor Power Generation & Train**  
→ Reciprocating Compressors + Engine
- 3 Waste Heat Recovery Unit**  
→ Direct Heat Recovery  
→ Organic Rankine Cycle (ORC)
- 4 CO<sub>2</sub> Capture Unit**  
→ Amine Absorption

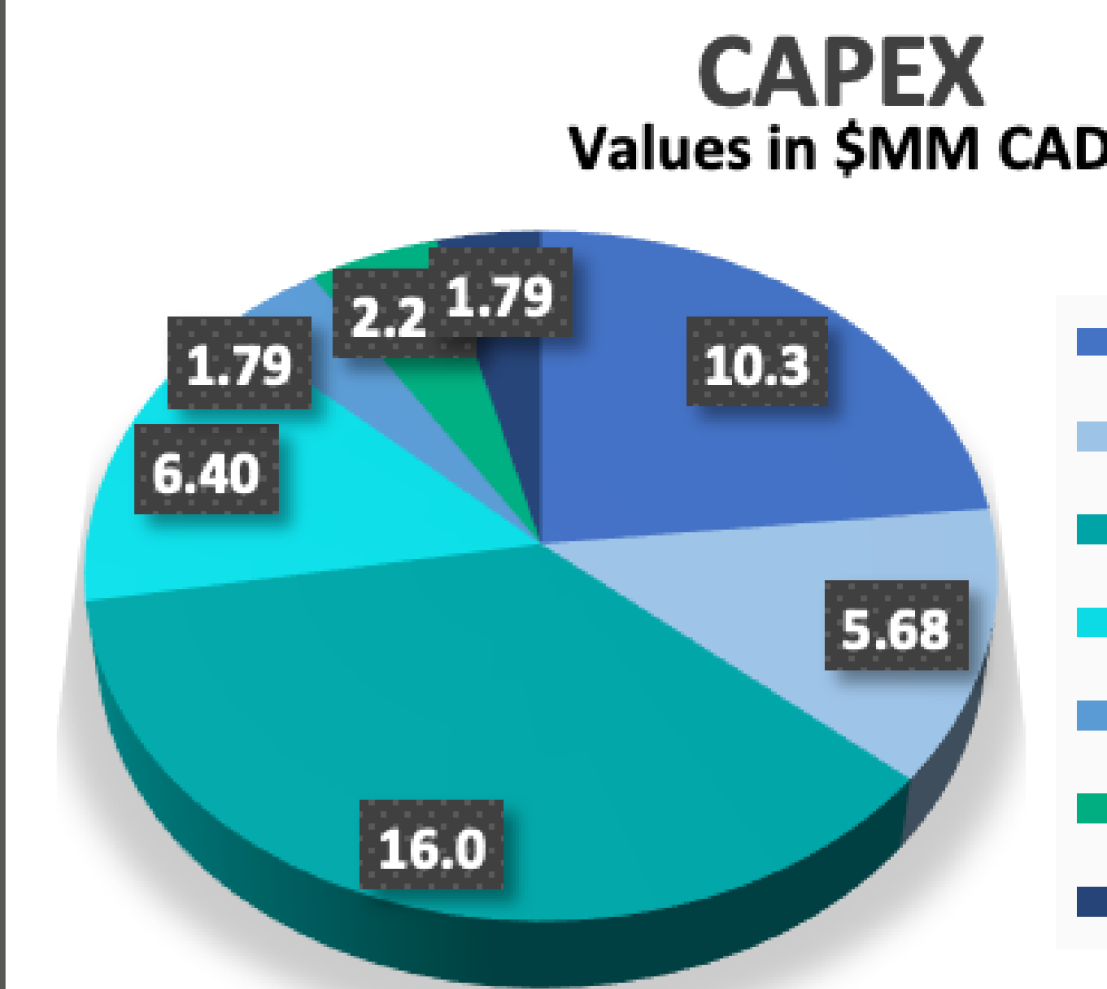


## RESULTS

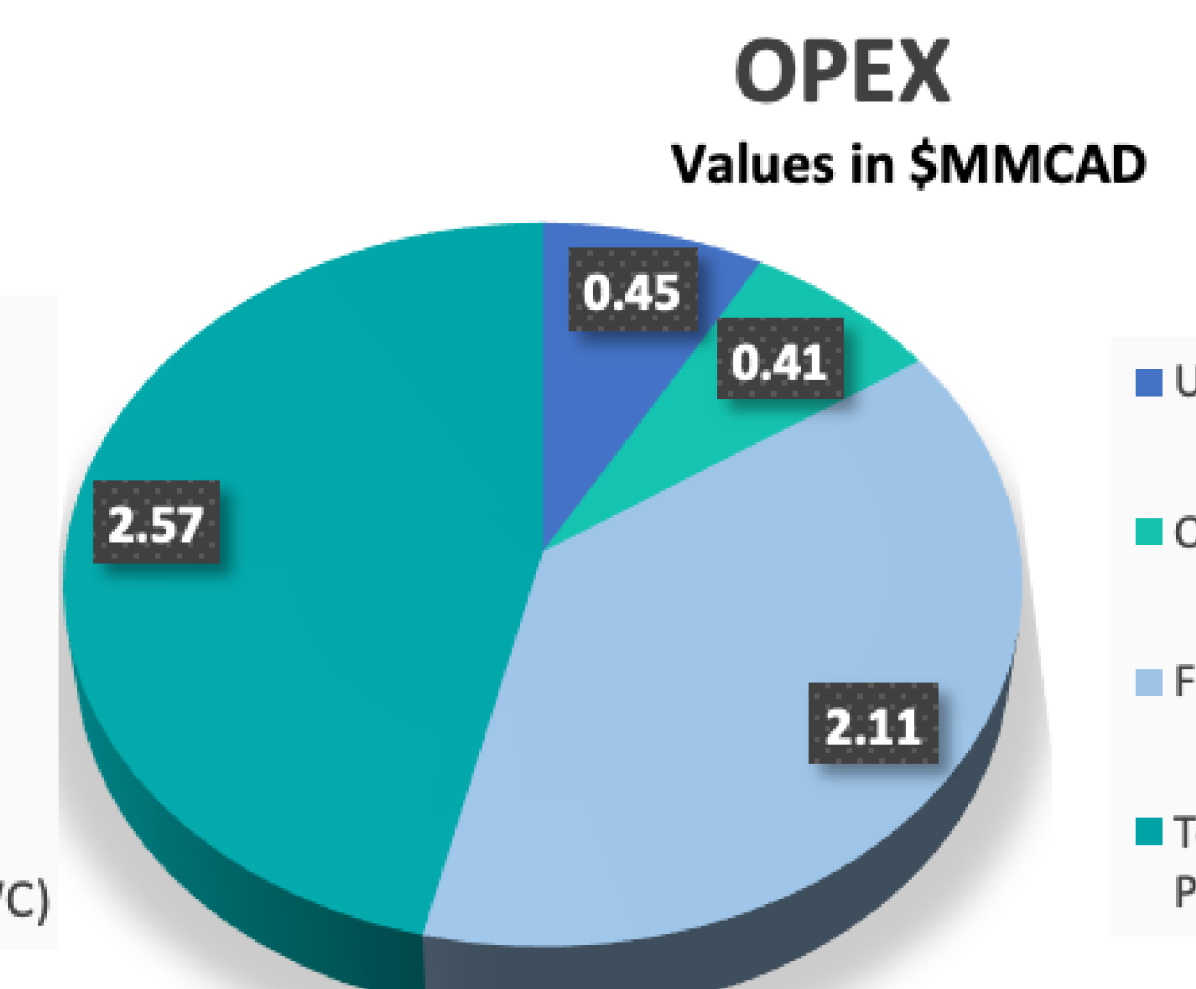
- Achieved < **4lbs** H<sub>2</sub>O/MMSCF NG and **98.8wt%** TEG recovered
- **1560 tonnes** of natural gas transported / day
  - 54 g CO<sub>2</sub> emitted / kg of gas transported
- **Waste Heat Recovery** generates 1.6 MW of direct heat from exhaust and 156 kW of electricity from ORC, covering energy usage of:
  - **100%** of the Dehydration Unit
  - **49%** of the CO<sub>2</sub> Capture Unit
- Achieved **99 mol%** CO<sub>2</sub> purity and **80 mol%** CO<sub>2</sub> recovery
- **63 tonnes** / day of CO<sub>2</sub> sequestered

## FEASIBILITY

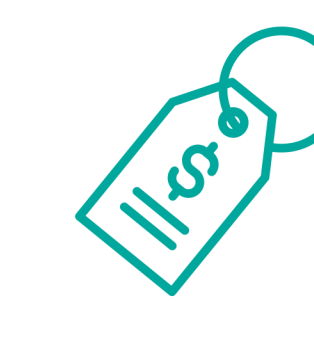
### CAN WE AFFORD TO DO IT (ECONOMICALLY)?



■ Total Direct costs  
■ Total Indirect costs  
■ ISBL  
■ OSBL  
■ Engineering costs  
■ Contingency  
■ Working Capital (WC)



■ Utilities  
■ Operating labor  
■ Fixed Cost of Production  
■ Total Cash Cost of Production



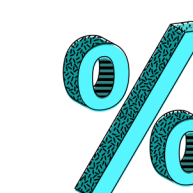
**Levelized cost of capital:**  
\$131 CAD/tonne CO<sub>2</sub> captured



**2030 Carbon tax rate:**  
\$170 CAD/tonne CO<sub>2</sub> emitted



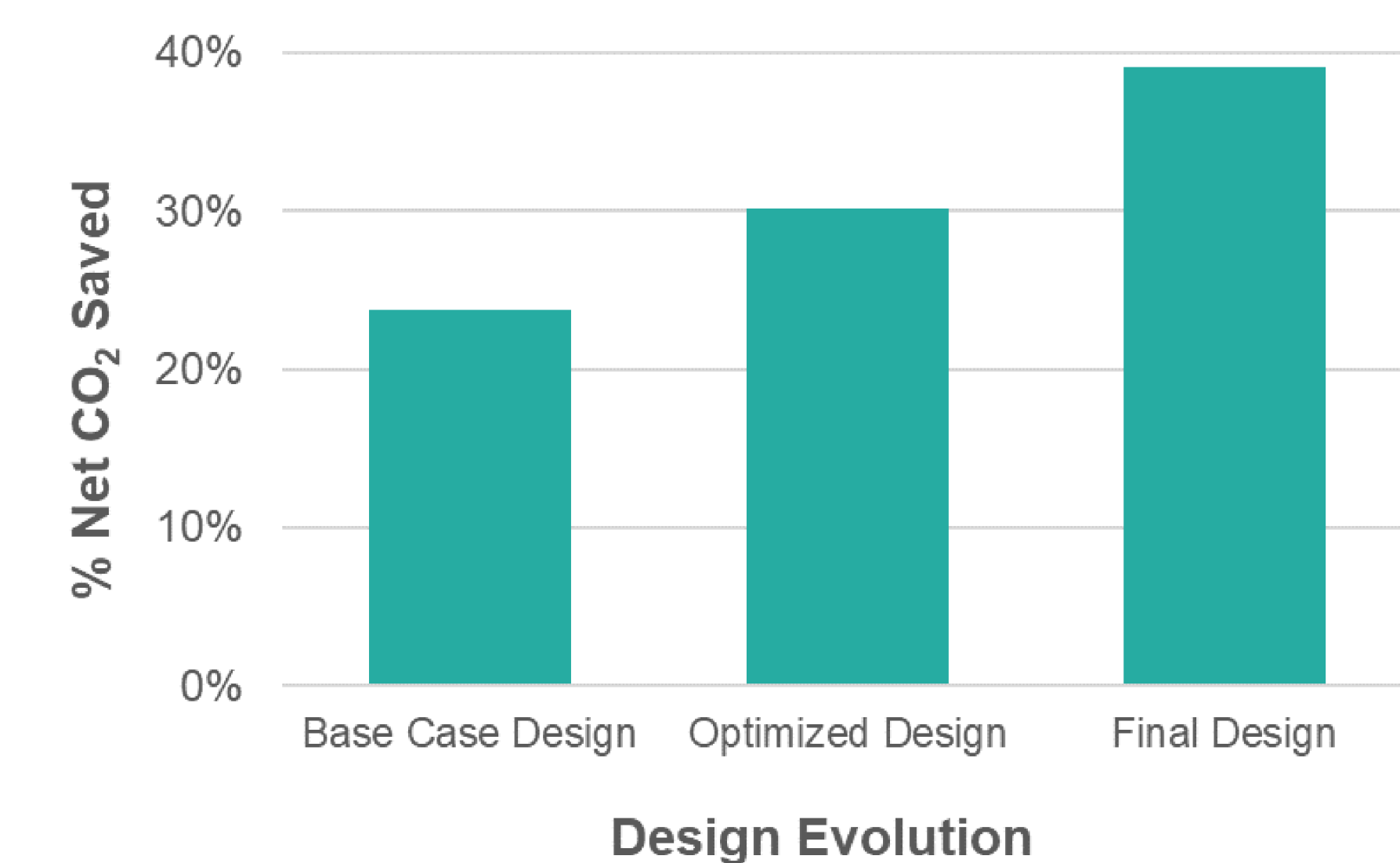
NPV : \$11.7MM CAD



IRR : 22%

The cost of building this facility is **LESS** than the cost of paying taxes on CO<sub>2</sub> emitted hence project **IS** economically feasible

### CAN WE AFFORD TO DO IT (ENVIRONMENTALLY)?



- **Good news:** Considering all CO<sub>2</sub> sources, up to 39% of CO<sub>2</sub> at the compressor station is captured with our final design
- **Bad news:** It's not enough — 4.08 tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub> per hour is still produced — *not net zero!*
- Most effective design change: addition of a **Waste Heat Recovery Unit**
  - Contributed to **67%** of additional CO<sub>2</sub> saved

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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## REFERENCES

- [1] J. Shafto, "INGAA-backed study finds electric compressors reduce GHG emissions, but not without risk," Natural Gas Intelligence, <https://www.naturalgasintel.com/ingaa-backed-study-finds-electric-compressors-reduce-ghg-emissions-but-not-without-risk/> (accessed Mar. 19, 2024).
- [2] S. Elliott, "S&P Global Commodity Insights," S&P Global Commodity Insights, Feb. 14, 2024. Accessed: Mar. 20, 2024. [Online]. Available: <https://www.spglobal.com/commodityinsights/en/market-insights/latest-news/natural-gas/021424-global-gas-market-still-structurally-tight-on-limited-lng-growth-shell>.
- [3] "Canada: CO<sub>2</sub> emissions 1960-2022 | Statista," Statista, Dec. 06, 2023. <https://www.statista.com/statistics/209619/canadian-co2-emissions>.